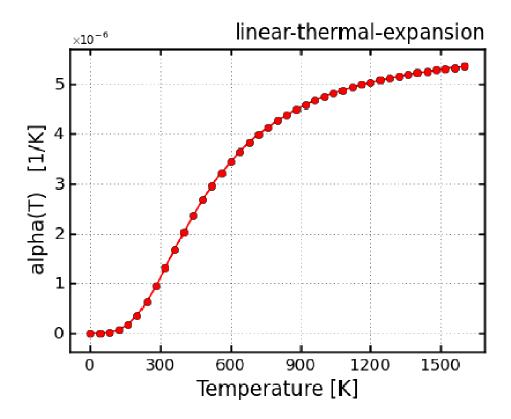
Homework # 5; due Thursday, April 4

- 21. In the <u>in-class presentation</u> of Kevin Babb and Petar Petrov (posted on the <u>class web</u> <u>page</u>) on the third viewgraph, the authors state the density of states (DOS) for a three-, two-, and one-dimensional metal. Please verify (derive) these expressions. <u>Hint</u>: we have essentially done one of these cases in lectures.
- 22. What is the physical reason for the phenomenon of <u>thermal expansion</u> of solids? The figure below (from <u>http://exciting-code.org/</u>) shows the coefficient of thermal expansion (CTE) of diamond as a function of temperature. Explain why this quantity vanishes at low temperatures.



- 23. Derive the expression for the *Hall coefficient*, R_{H} , in terms of the density of charge carriers in a solid and the charge of a single carrier. Assuming a single-valence metal with the density of silver,
 - a. calculate the value of R_{H_1} in SI units.
 - b. Compare this value with experiment.
 - c. What is the Hall voltage across a 1 cm slab of the material if the current density is j = 1 A/mm² and the magnetic field applied transversely to the current is 1 T?
- 24. Show that the number of modes in each Brillouin zone in a metal is equal to the number of unit cells in the crystal lattice.