

Homework # 3. Due: Thursday, 09/23/99

9. Coulomb correction to the allowed β -decay spectrum, Fermi function.
 - a). Sketch the shape of the momentum spectrum $N(p)$ for an allowed β -decay. Give a brief qualitative explanation of the shape.
 - b). For a daughter nucleus of a given charge Z , estimate at which values of the β -particle's momentum is the spectrum significantly effected by the Coulomb interaction of the electron (or positron) with the nucleus. Give an expression for the boundary value of the β -particle's momentum "in letters" and "in numbers." Use the non-relativistic approximation.
 - c). What is the range of applicability of the non-relativistic approximation?
 - d). When is it necessary to take into account the influence of the atomic electrons?
10. Estimate the relative "strength" of the gravitational interaction with respect to the strong interaction in a nucleus. Use the approach outlined in Krane's Section 9.3. Start with figuring out the dimensions of the gravitational constant G_g . Convert this constant into dimensionless form by multiplying by appropriate powers of \hbar , c , and a mass scale m . Obtain the numerical value by assuming $m=m_p$.
11. Krane's problem 9.9
12. Krane's problem 9.17
13. Krane's problem 9.21 Hint: consider the reaction energetics as discussed e.g. in Section 9.1. Explain why the electron mass does not appear explicitly in Eq. (9.10).