

## Plan of Lectures

### **Lecture 1, August 30**

- General stuff: introductions, web, homework, class presentations, e-mail list, books
- Definition of N/L optics: optical properties of the medium are modified by light
- Resonant vs. non-resonant NLO
- The  $\chi^{(n)}$  formalism
- Estimates of  $\chi^{(1)}$  and  $\chi^{(3)}$  for non-resonant NLO
- The Kerr effect: dielectric tensor in the presence of a static field, estimate of the Kerr coefficient and comparison with experimental values

### **Lecture 2, September 1**

- Optical modulators based on the Kerr effect; Kerr effect as a  $\chi^{(3)}$  effect
- Pendulum demonstration of light propagation in birefringent medium
- Linear electro-optical (Pockels) effect; piezo-electric crystals
- An organizational question: how will this course be graded? (50% presentations in class; 50% homework). Each student is required to make at least one presentation in class, more presentations are encouraged!

### **Lecture 3, September 8**

- Quiz on linear optics – influencing reflection by placing objects behind a highly-reflective mirror
- A brief detour (upon students' request) into Fabry-Perot resonators and spectrum analyzers
- Amplitude modulation with a Pockels cell; time-dependent modulation; spectrum of amplitude- and frequency-modulated light; sideband generation as a nonlinear frequency mixing process
- Magneto-optical effects
- Faraday rotation in a longitudinal E-field as a way to search for P and T violation

### **Lecture 4, September 13**

- Microscopic origin of the Faraday effect – the Zeeman effect
- Diamagnetic vs. paramagnetic Faraday effect
- Intensity-dependent refractive index
- Self rotation (SR): the Maker-Terhune effect; pendulum demonstration
- SR in resonant atomic systems [see D. Budker, R.Y. Chiao, D. S. Hsiung, S.M. Rochester, and V.V. Yashchuk, [Nonlinear precession of the polarization ellipse in resonant atomic media: two-level systems and Rb](#) (QELS-2000, paper QFC4); S.M. Rochester, D. S. Hsiung, D. Budker, R. Y. Chiao, D.F. Kimball, and V.V. Yashchuk, Self-rotation of resonant elliptically polarized light in collision-free rubidium vapor, [Phys. Rev. A](#), **63**, 043814 (2001); links are available at <http://socrates.berkeley.edu/~budker/PubList.html>]

**Lecture 5, September 15**

- More on self rotation in resonant atomic systems
- A spontaneous discussion on electromagnetically induced transparency (EIT)
- Sum Frequency Generation (SFG)
- Energy and momentum conservation in optical wave-mixing processes
- Phase matching

**Lecture 6, September 20**

- Presentation: Travis Beals on the ac-Stark effect
- A tangential demonstration – an AOL CD as a diffraction grating
- Estimate of how many megabytes can be stored on a CD
- Back to SFG: Derivation of the coupled-amplitude equations

**Lecture 7, September 22**

- Degeneracy factors in  $\chi^{(2)}$  processes
- SFG without phase matching; coherence length
- Linear light propagation in anisotropic media
- Relative orientation of  $\mathbf{H}$ ,  $\mathbf{D}$ ,  $\mathbf{E}$ ,  $\mathbf{k}$ , and the Poynting vector

**Lecture 8, September 27**

- Index ellipsoid (optical indicatrix)
- Uniaxial crystals; normal surfaces
- Phase matching in SHG: type I, type II, non-critical phase matching
- Interlude: the first demonstration of SHG by Franken et al and the PRL mistake
- Quasi-Phase Matching (QPM)

**Lecture 9, September 29**

- More on QPM: high-order QPM, advantages and limitations, how to make QPM waveguide devices, commercial periodically poled lithium niobate (PPLN)
- Introduction to laser dynamics
- Q-switching techniques
- How the laser (and many other great things) happened? (See Prof. Townes' book)

**Lecture 10, October 4**

- Rate equations for the number of photons in a laser cavity and population inversion
- Steps in a Q-switched pulse
- The 2\* “bottlenecking” factor
- Pumping; population buildup

- Light-pulse buildup
- Pulse output

### **Lecture 11, October 6**

- AM mode locking
- Passive mode locking with saturable absorber
- Colliding-pulse mode locking (CPM)
- Interlude: tunable vs. fixed-frequency lasers
- How a dye laser works: electronic bands of a dye, singlet and triplet bands, absorption and emission spectra, non-radiative relaxation, Stokes shift.
- Interlude within interlude: collisional broadening and shift of spectral lines impact vs. adiabatic approximation; the cases of gases, liquids, and solids
- Synchronous-pumping modelocking
- Spectrum of a pulse train:  $f_n = nf_r + f_0$ ; carrier-envelope phase
- Frequency Spectrum of Mode-Locked Laser animation courtesy Dr. Jun Ye (JILA)

### **Lecture 12, October 11**

- Tom Allison: High-harmonic generation

### **Lecture 13, October 13**

- Guest lecture by D. F. Kimball: Nonlinear Magneto-Optical Effects in Atoms

### **Lecture 14, October 18**

- Yongmin Liu: Artificial magnetic resonator and its potential nonlinear application

### **Lecture 15, October 20**

- Measurement of ultrashort laser pulses: spectrometers, autocorrelators, frequency resolved optical gating (FROG)
- FROG, GRENOUILLE, POLLIWOG, and other amphibian techniques

### **Lecture 16, October 25**

- Kater Murch: Superradiance

### **Lecture 17, October 27**

- Alex Sushkov: Photorefractive effect

### **Lecture 18, November 1**

- Ken Tatebe: Optical information storage

### **Lecture 19, November 3**

- Arman Cingoz: laser gyroscopes

### **Lecture 20, November 8**

- Optical fibers
- Pulse propagation in fibers: self-phase modulation (SPM), GVD
- Optical solitons
- The Nonlinear Schrödinger Equation (NLSE)
- A bit of soliton history; solitons in other nonlinear equations; higher-order solitons

### **Lecture 21, November 10**

- Kivin Moore: nonlinear optics with single atoms; cavity QED

**Lecture 22, November 15**

- Kevin Moore: more on CQED, vacuum Rabi oscillations
- Overview and review of Ultrafast Optics:
  - A bit of history
  - Generation of ultrashort pulses at different wavelengths (lasers, Thompson scattering...)

**Lecture 23, November 17**

- Overview and review of Ultrafast Optics (continued):
  - Stretched-pulse amplification
  - Continuum generation
  - Measuring ultrashort pulses (spectrometers, autocorrelators, FROG)
  - Spatio-temporal effects
  - Shaping ultrashort pulses
  - Connection between present and future atomic clocks and frequency combs; optical frequency standards
  - A digression into atomic clocks; general principles and precision limitations
  - Measurement of octave-spanning combs; control of both repetition frequency and carrier-envelope offset
  - Composite combs – locking a Ti-Sap and a forsterite oscillator to produce a single broadband comb

**Lecture 24, November 22**

- Tom Purdy: Electromagnetically Induced Transparency (EIT), and all that

**Lecture 25, November 24**

- Tom Purdy: Lasers Without Inversion (LWI)
- Interlude: “slow,” “fast,” and “stopped light:” what is this all about?

**Lecture 26, November 29**

- Generation of ultra short pulses (following the Georgia Tech course)
- Interlude: all about flash-lamps
- Interlude: the anatomy of a dye-laser jet
- Interlude: excimer, gas-dynamic, and chemical lasers

**Lecture 27, December 1**

- Demonstration: oscillator assembly of a Q-switched Nd-YAG laser
- Description of short pulses (following the Georgia Tech course)
  - Instantaneous intensity and phase
  - Spectral intensity and spectral phase
  - Chirped pulses
  - First-, and second-order phases

**Lecture 28, December 6**

- Course/instructor evaluations
- Some topics we have not covered and where to read about them:
  - Quantum optics basic stuff: Loudon, Gerry&Night
  - Light and spin squeezing: same plus refs. On the web page

- First- and second-order correlation functions; intensity interferometry: same + H. Brown-Twiss (a small slide show on this)
- Stimulated Raman scattering (SRS); generating tunable IR light using SRS
- Stimulated Brillouin Scattering
- Self-Induced Transparency (SIT) and solitons; Hahn's pin-ball demonstration

**Lecture 29, December 8**

- Travis Beals: Quantum Computing with Selectively Addressed Atoms in Optical Lattices
- If time permits: Selective Addressing of High-Rank Atomic Polarization Moments